Application No. 09/936,449

Response to Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

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This listing of claims replaces all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

1. (Currently Amended) A method of inhibiting binding of a chaperone protein with its client protein or client polypeptide in a mammal, wherein the method consists essentially of contacting a chaperone protein with coumarin or a coumarin derivative, such that the coumarin or the coumarin derivative binds the chaperone protein, which binding inhibits the chaperone protein from binding its client protein or client polypeptide, wherein about 100 mg/kg of coumarin or coumarin derivative is administered to a mammal at least once per day for about 5 days and, wherein the chaperone protein is heat shock protein (Hsp) 90.

2. (Canceled)

- 3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the coumarin or coumarin derivative is a coumarin antibiotic.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein the coumarin antibiotic is chlorobiocin or coumermycin A1.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein the coumarin antibiotic is novobiocin.
- 6. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the coumarin or coumarin derivative is novobiocin.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein novobiocin binds a carboxylterminal region of Hsp90.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the client protein or the client polypeptide is a tyrosine or serine/threonine kinase.
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 8, wherein the client protein or the client polypeptide is tyrosine kinase p185erbB2 or p60v-src.

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- 10. (Original) The method of claim 8, wherein the client protein or the client polypeptide is serine/threonine kinase Raf-1.
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the client protein or the client polypeptide is a mutated p53 protein.
- 12. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the client protein or the client polypeptide is inactive subsequent to binding of the chaperone protein to the coumarin or the coumarin derivative.
- 13. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein the client protein or the client polypeptide is degraded.

14.-23. (Canceled)